FERTILIZER / PESTICIDE SPILL RESPONSE AND REPORTING

GENERAL SPILL RESPONSE GUIDELINES

In agricultural operations, it is common for bulk fertilizer and pesticide products to be stored, as well as transported and applied using agricultural equipment. These products come in several forms that include; liquid, dry granular, anhydrous ammonia, and livestock manure. All fertilizers or pesticides that are stored and applied shall follow regulatory standards or guidelines for application, as well as spill prevention and containment. Product labels or Safety Data Sheets (SDS) should be available to refer to in the event of a release or spill to identify any potential health or safety hazards.

All spills, regardless of size, must be contained and cleaned up in a safe and effective manner. Spills that affect or threaten public health, welfare, or the environment will be attended to immediately by protecting human safety, and containing and cleaning up the spilled substance. Any response by CFAES personnel will be conducted pursuant to the Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response regulations, 29 CFR 1910.120. To determine the proper response procedures, this plan classifies discharges as either **"incidental"** or **"emergency"** depending on the following characteristics:

	Incidental discharges are those where:	Emergency discharges are generally generally those where:
•	The discharge is small (e.g., less than 25 gallons)	 The discharge is more than 25 gallons on or adjacent to a public roadway
•	The discharge can be easily contained	• The discharge cannot be contained and spread
•	The discharge is unlikely to reach a navigable waterway, storm sewer, or sanitary drain	beyond the immediate area
		 The discharge may reach a navigable waterway, storm sewer, or sanitary drain
•	 Cleanup procedures do not pose a health or safety hazard (refer to label or SDS sheet) 	 The discharge requires special equipment or training to clean up
		• The discharge poses a hazard to
•	Proper response equipment is available for a safe cleanup	human health or the environment (refer to label or SDS sheet)
Response by CFAES personnel may be possible for a spill with these characteristics. OSU EHS may be notified for assistance.		• There is a danger of fire or explosion
		The above discharges require response by Emergency Responders—call <u>9</u> 11.

Fertilizer / Pesticide Spill Response Criteria

Details regarding the predicted direction, rate of flow, and quantity of spill must be reported immediately to the supervisor. In general, if properly trained, CFAES personnel should be able to respond to most *incidental* discharges. For all *emergency* spills, Emergency Responders and OSU Environmental Health & Safety must be notified. Depending on the nature and quantity of the release, several additional agencies or organizations may be contacted. Circumstances, instructions, and reporting a discharge to federal, state and local agencies or other affected parties will be determined by Emergency Responders or OSU Environmental Health & Safety.

FERTILIZER / PESTICIDE SPILL RESPONSE STEPS

The CFAES personnel discovering a potential release will follow these response steps:

	Fertilizer / Pesticide Spill Response Steps – Incidental Spills	Contact
1.	Secure the site , with a priority to protect the health and safety of personnel responding to the release, bystanders, and the community.	- Immediate Supervisor
2.	Follow safe handling procedures according to the product label or SDS sheet.	 - CFAES Safety Coordinator Kent McGuire
3.	Stop the Flow if possible. Shut valves, shift container, plug opening, etc	Off:614-292-0588
4.	Control and contain the spill using floor dry, absorbent booms, socks, and/or soil.	Cell: 740-341-7589
5.	Notify the Immediate Supervisor and CFAES Safety & Health Coord.	
6.	Clean up the spill – Fertilizer / Pesticide reclaimed after a spill, if possible, may be field applied at label rates or must be disposed of properly.	
7.	Complete the Spill Incident Report form to provide accurate information for the facility's records.	

	Fertilizer / Pesticide Spill Response Steps – Emergency Spills	Contact
1.	Secure the site , with a priority to protect the health and safety of personnel responding to the release, bystanders, and the community.	- Call 911
2.	Follow safe handling procedures according to the product label or SDS sheet.	- Immediate Supervisor
3.	Stop the Flow if possible. Shut valves, shift container, plug opening, etc	- CFAES Safety Coordinator
4.	Contact the Emergency Responders (911) for major spills to help to assist	Kent McGuire
_	with the control and containment of the release.	Off:614-292-0588
	Notify the Immediate Supervisor	Cell: 740-341-7589
6.	Control and contain the spill using nearby absorbent booms, socks, and/or soil until the fire department arrives. Focus control measures at location(s) of	
	storm sewers and/or nearby waterways.	- OSU EHS
7.	Notify CFAES Safety & Health Coordinator and OSU Environmental Health	Phone: 614-292-1284
	and Safety (EHS). Can be done by immediate supervisor (see step 5 above).	Press 1 for Emergency Spill
8.	Clean up the spill – If assistance is required for the cleanup of larger spills, OSU EHS will contact outside contractor. Fertilizer / Pesticide reclaimed after a spill, if possible, may be field applied at label rates or must be disposed of	Response
	properly.	- Ohio EPA
9.	Complete the Spill Incident Report form to provide accurate information efficiently to spill response authorities.	1 st responders / EHS only

ANHYDROUS AMMONIA RELEASE RESPONSE STEPS

Liquid anhydrous ammonia is extremely cold and can cause freezing or frostbite of tissue upon contact. Inhalation of vapors can cause severe irritation of the respiratory system and pulmonary edema. One gallon of liquid Anhydrous Ammonia will expand 850 times once exposed to open atmosphere.

	Anhydrous Ammonia Release Response Steps	Contact
1.	Secure the site, with a priority to protect the health and safety of personnel responding to the release, bystanders, and the community. Minimum of 1500 feet in all directions of the leak, unless specified by Emergency Responders. A hot zone shall	- Call 911 - Immediate Supervisor
	initially be set at a radius of 300 feet.	
2.	 Follow safe handling procedures according to the product label or SDS sheet. Use proper PPE. [non-vented goggles (Do not wear contact lenses) and face shield, PVC gloves, boots, respiratory protection, etc 	- CFAES Safety Coordinator
2		Kent McGuire
3.		Off:614-292-0588
4.	Stop the Flow if possible. (Shut valves etc)	Cell: 740-341-7589
5.	Contact the Emergency Responders (911) if release can not be stopped or becomes an emergency release because discharge	- OSU EHS
	poses a hazard to human health or the environment.	Phone: 614-292-1284
6.	Notify the Immediate Supervisor	Press 1 for Emergency Spill
7.	Notify CFAES Safety & Health Coordinator and OSU Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) if release is an emergency release and emergency responders have been notified.	Response
8	Clean up area after release is contained – If assistance is required for	- Ohio EPA
0.	the cleanup of a larger release, OSU EHS may contact outside contractor.	1 st responders / EHS only
9.	Complete the Spill Incident Report form to provide accurate information efficiently to spill response authorities.	

FERTILIZER / PESTICIDE SPILL INCIDENT REPORT

Date	Time:				
Name	Org / Dept				
Phone #					
Responsible Party					
Equipment / Vessel					
Identifying Information					
Location of incident					
Cause of release / spill					
Material(s) released / spilled					
Quantity released					
Affected medium (e.g. land, water	, ditches, sewer)				
Danger or threat posed by the release / spill					
Weather conditions					
Agencies / Contacts on scene					
Any other useful information					
Documents attached					