

OSU College of Food, Agricultural, and Environmental Sciences

Worker Protection Standard – Pesticide Handler Quiz

Based on EPA approved video PST 00022 – “Agricultural Worker and Handler Pesticide Safety Training”

1. According to the Worker Protection Standard, an individual who does planting, weeding, pruning or harvesting is considered?
 - a. Handler
 - b. Worker
 - c. Supervisor
 - d. None of the above

2. An example of a pesticide is?
 - a. Herbicides
 - b. Insecticides
 - c. Fungicides
 - d. All of the above

3. What forms of pesticides can be encountered during work activities?
 - a. Liquids
 - b. Granules
 - c. Residue
 - d. All of the above

4. A source of pesticide exposure includes?
 - a. Treated plants or soil
 - b. Irrigation equipment
 - c. Work clothes and PPE
 - d. All of the above

5. The majority of pesticide exposures are through what route?
 - a. Oral (Mouth)
 - b. Dermal (Skin)
 - c. Ocular (Eyes)
 - d. Inhalation (Nose)

6. A pesticide exposure effect that happens during or shortly after an exposure is called?
 - a. Acute
 - b. Chronic
 - c. Delayed
 - d. Sensitization

7. The amount of time that must pass before it is safe to re-enter a pesticide treated area is known as?
 - a. Delayed Entry Interval (DEI)
 - b. Acute Exposure Rate (AER)
 - c. Restricted Entry Interval (REI)
 - d. Exposure Amount Timeframe (EAT)

8. Information that can be found at the Central Posting Location includes?
 - a. Pesticide safety information
 - b. Pesticide application information
 - c. Emergency information
 - d. All of the above

9. Specific information for the pesticides being used at your location can be found in?
 - a. Material Data Sheets (MDS)
 - b. Pesticide Applicator Sheets (PAS)
 - c. Safety Data Sheets (SDS)
 - d. All of the above

10. The most common method of pesticide decontamination from residue is?
 - a. Routine hand washing
 - b. Washing work clothes
 - c. Using irrigation water
 - d. Shower in / shower out procedures

11. Preventing additional contamination at home should include?
 - a. Remove work shoes before entry
 - b. Shower / Bathe immediately after work
 - c. Wash work clothes separately from other clothes
 - d. All of the above

12. According to the Worker Protection Standard, an individual who does mixing, applying, and disposing of pesticides is considered?
 - a. Handler
 - b. Worker
 - c. Supervisor
 - d. Grower

13. When mixing or loading a pesticide a handler must?
 - a. Wear PPE
 - b. Read the label directions
 - c. Measure pesticides carefully
 - d. All of the above

14. Decontamination supplies for handlers must be located at?
 - a. Mixing site
 - b. $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from work site
 - c. $\frac{3}{4}$ mile from work site
 - d. 1 mile from work site

15. When applying a pesticide a handler must?
 - a. Follow label application directions
 - b. Check the equipment is working properly
 - c. Apply in a manner to minimize exposure to other workers
 - d. All of the above

16. Steps to cleaning up a pesticide spill should include?
- Control, Dilute, and Dispose
 - Contain, Re-claim, and Re-use
 - Control, Contain, and Clean-up
 - Contain, Rinse, and Cover-up
17. Workers or other persons are restricted from entering what area during application?
- Application Exclusion Zone
 - Application Entry Zone
 - Growing Area
 - Run-off Area
18. The pesticide label will include?
- Active Ingredients
 - EPA Registration Number
 - Restricted Entry Interval
 - All of the above
19. The signal word on a pesticide label that means highly toxic is?
- Caution
 - Warning
 - Danger
 - All of the above
20. Proper use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) includes?
- Following pesticide label requirements for PPE
 - PPE must be clean and in good operating condition
 - PPE must be worn correctly
 - All of the above